



Toolbox Safety Talks

Hand Tools (Pry Bars)

19

- 1) What are the injuries involved with pry bars?
 - a. Pry bar accidents
 - i. Strains
 - ii. Lacerations
 - iii. Fractures
- 2) What hazards should you look for before working with pry bars?
 - a. Damaged bars
 - b. Bent bars
 - c. Unbalanced or awkward body positions
 - d. Sudden release of energy
 - e. Your work environment
- 3) What safe practices should be used when working with pry bars?
 - a. Wear eye protection
 - b. Wear gloves
 - c. Use the right tool for the job
 - d. Position yourself to be balanced
 - e. Do not use damaged or bent bars
 - f. Make sure your hands are not slippery or greasy
- 4) Do we have any jobs that require a bar and have a high risk of pinching or straining?
- 5) Is there a way to hold the bar to reduce this risk?
- 6) Has anyone had or seen an accident or near miss with a pry bar?
- 7) Do we have any pry bars that are unsafe? Why?
- 8) What should you do with a broken pry bar or other hand tool?
- 9) Is there anywhere that we could eliminate pry bar use and substitute another job process?



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Make Time for Safety, Everyday! – Yes, production is important, *but the focus must be on Safe Production!* Keep that in the back of your mind. Don't take risky chances and stay out of harm's way. Nobody goes to work thinking 'I'm going to get hurt or killed on the job today!' But every day 15,000-17,000 workers suffer disabling injuries on the job and another 11-17 are killed. ***What are you doing to make sure it doesn't happen on your shift?***

Keep stoking the fire; we can't let the 'Safety Train' run out of steam!

Date Presented: _____

Presented By: _____

Attendance Sheet
